

Simplify the following expressions:

$$\textcircled{1} \quad (1+\sin x)(\sec x - \tan x)$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad \frac{1+\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos x}{1+\sin x}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{\sin a}{\cos a} + \frac{\cos a}{1+\sin a}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad \frac{2+\tan^2 a}{\sec^2 a} - 1$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \cos^3 x + \sin^2 x \cos x$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad \frac{1+\cot A}{\csc A}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \frac{\cos \theta \sec \theta}{\cot \theta}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \frac{\sec^2 \theta - 1}{\sec^2 \theta}$$

Answers

- 1)  $\cos x$
- 2)  $\sec a$
- 3)  $\cos x$
- 4)  $\tan \theta$
- 5)  $\sin^2 \theta$
- 6) 1

$$\textcircled{6} \quad \frac{\sin x}{\csc x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sec x}$$

- 7)  $\frac{2}{\cos \alpha}$  OR  
 $2 \sec \alpha$
- 8)  $\cos^2 a$
- 9)  $\sin A + \cos A$

Prove the following identities:

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \cos \theta (\sec \theta - \cos \theta) = \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad 2 \tan \alpha \sec \alpha = \frac{1}{1-\sin \alpha} - \frac{1}{1+\sin \alpha}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{1}{1-\sin \theta} = \sec^2 \theta + \tan \theta \sec \theta$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \frac{1+\cos \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\tan^2 \theta}{\sec \theta - 1}$$

$$5) \quad \sin a \cot a = \cos a$$

$$6) \quad \frac{\tan x}{\sec x} = \sin x$$

$$7) \quad \frac{\cos x}{\sec x} + \frac{\sin x}{\csc x} = 1$$

$$8) \quad (\sin x + \cos x)^2 = 1 + 2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$9) \quad \frac{1-\sin x}{1+\sin x} = (\sec x - \tan x)^2$$

$$10) \quad \sin \theta + \cos \theta \cot \theta = \csc \theta$$